IN RECOGNITION OF BLAIR COUNTY COMMUNITY ACTION DAY

# HON. BUD SHUSTER

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 17, 1999

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to designate today, Monday, May 17, 1999 as Blair County Community Action Day.

On August 20, 1999 we will celebrate the 35th Anniversary of the signing of the Economic Opportunity Act by President Lyndon Johnson. In October of 1964 Blair County Community Action Agency. Over the course of these past 35 years, BCCA has assisted thousands of economically challenged Blair County residents. Some examples of these types of assistance include providing residential weatherization, intervention services for utility assistance, family and individual counseling, employment and training programs and other personal and family growth and improvement opportunities

Blair County Community Action is the very epitome of grassroots organization and community empowerment. They have provided much of the impetus for the development of several programs which now operate as separate agencies including Day Care Services, Legal Aid, and Meals on Wheels. They have been leaders in the development of the Target Area Groups of the 1960's and 1970's which led to the creation of today's modern advocacy groups and neighborhood planning and organization.

I am proud to honor Blair County Community Action for all the work they have done to provide opportunities for the citizens of Blair County.

COMMENDING KATE MEHR—WHITE HOUSE FELLOW

### HON. JOHN W. OLVER

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 17, 1999

Mr. OLVER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend a public servant of the highest caliber—Kate Mehr of Amherst, Massachusetts, who currently serves as a White House Fellow

Since 1965, the White House Fellowship Program has called upon outstanding citizens. like Ms. Mehr, who have demonstrated excellence in community service, leadership, and professional achievement. It is the country's most prestigious fellowship for public service and leadership development. The selection process for White House Fellows is very competitive and is conducted by a Commission appointed by the President. Every year, there are 500 to 800 applicants nationwide for 11 to 19 fellowships. Ms. Mehr has demonstrated a long-standing commitment to public service through her involvement with many community-based organizations. Her service and commitment on behalf of the people of Massachusetts have earned her the honor of participating in this prestigious fellowship.

Ms. Mehr earned her BA in political science from Amherst College and an MPA from the John F. Kennedy School of Government at

Harvard. She is the executive director of the Massachusetts Service Alliance in Boston, a statewide non-profit group. Its mission is to strenathen Massachusetts's communities through service and volunteerism, running over 200 service programs including AmeriCorps and after-school programs. During her tenure, the Alliance has increased state support for services by 750 percent. Her involvement with youth causes in Massachusetts is extensive and impressive. For example, the Governor appointed her coordinator of The Massachusetts Summit: The Promise of Our Youth, the follow up to the President's Summit, and served as a founding member of the Massachusetts, Legislative Children's Caucus. Ms. Mehr was also a victim-witness advocate, tutored a young Cambodian immigrant and was a volunteer basketball coach at a local YMCA. She taught government and history, and coached basketball and golf at the high school level.

As a White House Fellow, Ms. Mehr has been assigned to the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), where she has been involved in several important hunger initiatives. She is responsible for developing and implementing the Initiative on Community Food Security, which will coordinate the resources of the USDA to assist communities in developing an infrastructure to fight hunger. Additionally, Ms. Mehr serves as a policy advisor to Secretary Dan Glickman on hunger policy and international food assistance programs. She also is planning a USDA Summit on Hunger for the fall of 1999.

Mr. Speaker, in recognition of Kate Mehr's remarkable record of professional excellence and community service, I ask my colleagues to join me in saluting her hard work and good citizenship.

A PROCLAMATION CELEBRATING THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE OHIO VETERANS OF FOR-EIGN WARS

## HON. ROBERT W. NEY

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 17, 1999

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker, I commend the following to my colleagues:

Whereas, the Veterans of the United States have demonstrated a steadfast commitment to the preservation of the United States of America: and.

Whereas, on June 18th, 1999 the Department of Ohio, Veterans of Foreign Wars will be celebrating their 100th Anniversary and,

Whereas, the citizens of Ohio and the United States of America owe the Veterans of the United States a great deal of gratitude for their undying loyalty and dedication to the Union, I ask that my colleagues join me in congratulating the Veterans of Foreign Wars in Ohio on 100 years of service.

HONORING DR. OTTO MULLER

## HON. CURT WELDON

OF PENNSYLVANIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 17, 1999

Mr. WELDON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to my constituent, Dr. Otto

F. Muller, a talented cardiologist who is retiring after forty years of service in the medical field. Highlights of Dr. Muller's career include ten years of service as the Chief of the Cardiovascular Clinic at Philadelphia General Hospital; and thirty five years as the Director of Research and Education, Medicine, and Cardiology at Mercy Catholic Medical Center. Most recently, Dr. Muller practiced with the Kelly Cardiovascular Group. Early in his career, Dr. Muller received fellowship and investigator grants from the American Heart Association, and served as its President from 1980–1982.

Heart disease is America's number one killer, and stroke is the number three killer. The state of Pennsylvania, in which Dr. Muller practices, ranks fifteenth in the United States for heart disease deaths. More than one in five Americans suffer from cardiovascular disease, the leading cause of disability, at an estimated cost of \$287 billion in medical expenses and lost productivity. Moreover, the World Health Organization predicts that within twenty five years, heart disease will surpass pneumonia as the leading cause of death and disability worldwide.

I personally understand the dedication of doctors who are committed to battling cardiovascular disease. Three years ago, I underwent a successful coronary artery bypass graft after blockage of a coronary artery was detected during a routine screening. I was able to return to my full schedule of activities following the surgery, and my cardiologist placed me on a regimen of proper diet and exercise which has helped me to avoid further surgery. I applaud Dr. Muller for his dedication to his practice. For forty years, he has been a leader in the fight to eradicate this deadly disease. My own experience has taught me the need for increased awareness of this disease, and I have become one of the strongest advocates for increased research dollars.

I wish Dr. Muller the best of luck in his future endeavors, and thank him for his years of service in battling heart disease and stroke.

INTRODUCING THE GOVERNMENT WASTE CORRECTIONS ACT OF 1999

### HON. DAN BURTON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, May 17, 1999

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing the Government Waste Corrections Act of 1999.

One of my highest priorities as chairman of the Committee on Government reform is to attack the widespread fraud, waste, and error in many federal programs and activities that cost taxpayers billions of dollars every year. Already this year, the Government Reform Committee has held several hearings and received reports from GAO and agency Inspectors General on this subject. Just a few examples from the GAO and IG reports show outright waste that amounts to over \$30 billion annually. This \$30 billion figure only scratches the surface, no one knows the total cost to the federal government each year from waste and error.

One of the most troubling aspects of waste and error is that the problems tend to persist year after year. Many problems just grow worse. GAO, IGs and others already have fully